

**AMAZON RIVER CRUISE**  
**A BIRDING AND NATURAL HISTORY ODYSSEY**  
**ABOARD *LA ESTRELLA AMAZONICA***  
**[LIMA BIRD LIST INCLUDED AT END]**

**FEB. 17 – 27, 2017**



Blue-winged Parrotlet, *Forpus xanthopterygius*. Photo: D. Ascanio

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A BIRDING AND NATURAL HISTORY ODYSSEY  
Feb. 17 – 27, 2017  
Prepared by David Ascanio**

**Photo album:**

<https://www.flickr.com/photos/davidascanio/sets/72157682592758995>

If you put together great cloud formations, impenetrable green vegetation, loud macaws either perched or flying, primates, huge rivers, pink dolphins, amazing downpours, a rich number of raptors and the wonderful event of bird migration you'll have a complete picture of the Amazon as a biome. Add to this picture a never-ending mix of cultures, from Amerindian to African and Europeans, and you'll get a holistic view of it. Yes, I am sure that you came to the Amazon River thinking about an endangered biome, and that's true indeed. But I am sure that at the end of the tour you have learned so much about other topics less publicized but equally important that allowed everyone to understand the complexity of it.

But our VENT Amazon cruise covered more than the Amazon itself. Our first full day found us in the rich waters of the Pacific Ocean, in the coast of Lima. A visit to the Pantanos de Villa, a marsh currently designated a Ramsar site, gave us superb views of the Many-colored Rush-Tyrant and the secretive Wren-like Rushbird. Close to the beach we found a nesting pair of Peruvian Thick-Knee and witnessed hundreds (if not thousands) of Black Skimmer in a wetland contiguous to the ocean. These skimmers came from the Amazon basin. They did take a flight across the Andes and escaped from the high-water of the mighty river. The day continued with a short but very productive boat trip around the bay of Pucusana. This picturesque town is home for dozens of fisherman that round up about 2 tons of fish per day, mostly to be exported to Japan. Here, we took a couple of boats and went around an island where we enjoyed great views of Humboldt Penguin, South American Sea Lion, hundreds of Peruvian Booby, dozens of cormorants and the queen of the bay, the Inca Tern.



After a memorable full day in the coast of Perú near Lima we took a flight across the Andes to the bustling city of Iquitos. A visit to the Belém market gave us the opportunity to learn about the amazing products the Amazon can offer, from palm nuts to bark of trees, unknown fruits with unique taste, fish of all kind and an endless river of people, either selling or buying products. Lunch was in a restaurant along the promenade and then we were driven to the point where we embarked the ship. With the breeze blowing our faces and large-billed terns flying along with us we entered the Amazon River and from the upper deck we found ourselves calling birds in all directions.



Following were six days packed with field trips that allowed us to look for birds and other wildlife in several habitats including varzea and igapó forest (two kind of riverine forest), sedimentary river islands, oxbow lakes, *Bactris* palm growth, marshes and swamps, secondary growth and terra firme forest. In addition to the rich wildlife we also visited a community and never lost an opportunity to pull the skiffs next to a fisherman in his canoe to learn about their diet consisting mostly in red-bellied piranhas, armored catfish, sardina and tambaquí.

During these days we learned about the complexity of the Amazon and understood the importance of micro-habitats in shaping or triggering species richness. The view of a vast green homogeneous biome was left behind and we started seeing this forest as complex as a tumultuous city, with skyscrapers (emergent trees), heavy traffic (bird migration), honking vehicles (horned screamers, macaws and parrots in flight), street vendors (vultures and caracaras), musicians (Varzea's Schiffornis), hair-dressed people (hoatzin) and tons of vibrant sounds (dawn chorus). Also, we enjoyed seeing antbirds and birds of prey. Everyone fell in love with the Paradise Tanager and realized its plumage has seven colors. But also, we learned about the association of euphonias with mistletoe and most important, we understood the fragility of each ecosystem.

For the above reasons it is almost impossible to pick a single event or a species and try to brand the tour after it. But (there's always a but) I must say that the afternoon of the 24<sup>th</sup> February offered one of the most spectacular experiences ever in our Amazon Cruise when a massive migration of eastern kingbirds and fork-tailed flycatchers occurred over our heads. This was by far, one of the most special moments Andy and myself ever experienced in the Amazon. And, by seeing the skies covered by clouds of birds, all moving in the same direction, we were reminded that birds do not recognize political boundaries and that they do web the world in a unique way, probably unlike any other vertebrate in our planet.



Now that you have learned and appreciated much of the Amazonian fauna and history, I want to invite you to join us in other destinations, equally interesting and beautiful but remarkably different from this biome.

### **Cuba: Birds and people**

Cuba has always been the bucket-list island to visit. Until recently it was a dream going birding there. Not any more! We bird three major areas of the island and look for most of the endemic birds including the Bee Hummingbird, the smallest bird in the world. See the photos and the video of our 2015 Cuba tour in:

Photo album

<https://www.flickr.com/photos/davidascanio/albums/72157651912764991>

Video link

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yLRHvB1jzdl>

**The Panama Canal: a relaxed and easy tour.**

Panama offers a unique opportunity to enjoy first class birding at a relaxed and easy pace. We spend most of the nights in a small inn located in the town of Gamboa, by the Panama Canal. Short walks around the town plus a boat trip to the Chagres River and a visit to the famous Pipeline road offers views of a nice mix of hummingbirds, tyrant flycatchers, tanagers, woodpeckers and honeycreepers. We offer an optional visit to the Canopy Tower where we can see canopy species at eye level. You can enjoy the photos and the video of our 2015 Panama Canal tour in:

Photo album

<https://www.flickr.com/photos/davidascanio/albums/72157648765567967>

Video link

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kgnkUxwd5kw>

**Costa Rica: a relaxed and easy tour.**

Our *relaxed and easy* Costa Rica tour is for those who wish to bird various altitudinal levels, from cloud forest to lowland rain forest, and still do it in a slow pace. In this tour we include a ride along the aerial tram and besides seeing birds we also learn about the flora and other fauna of this spectacular country. This tour is designed for seeing gaudy species such as tanagers and honeycreepers as well as many hummingbirds. For that, we visit various hummingbird feeder stations. See the photos and video of our 2015 in:

Photo album

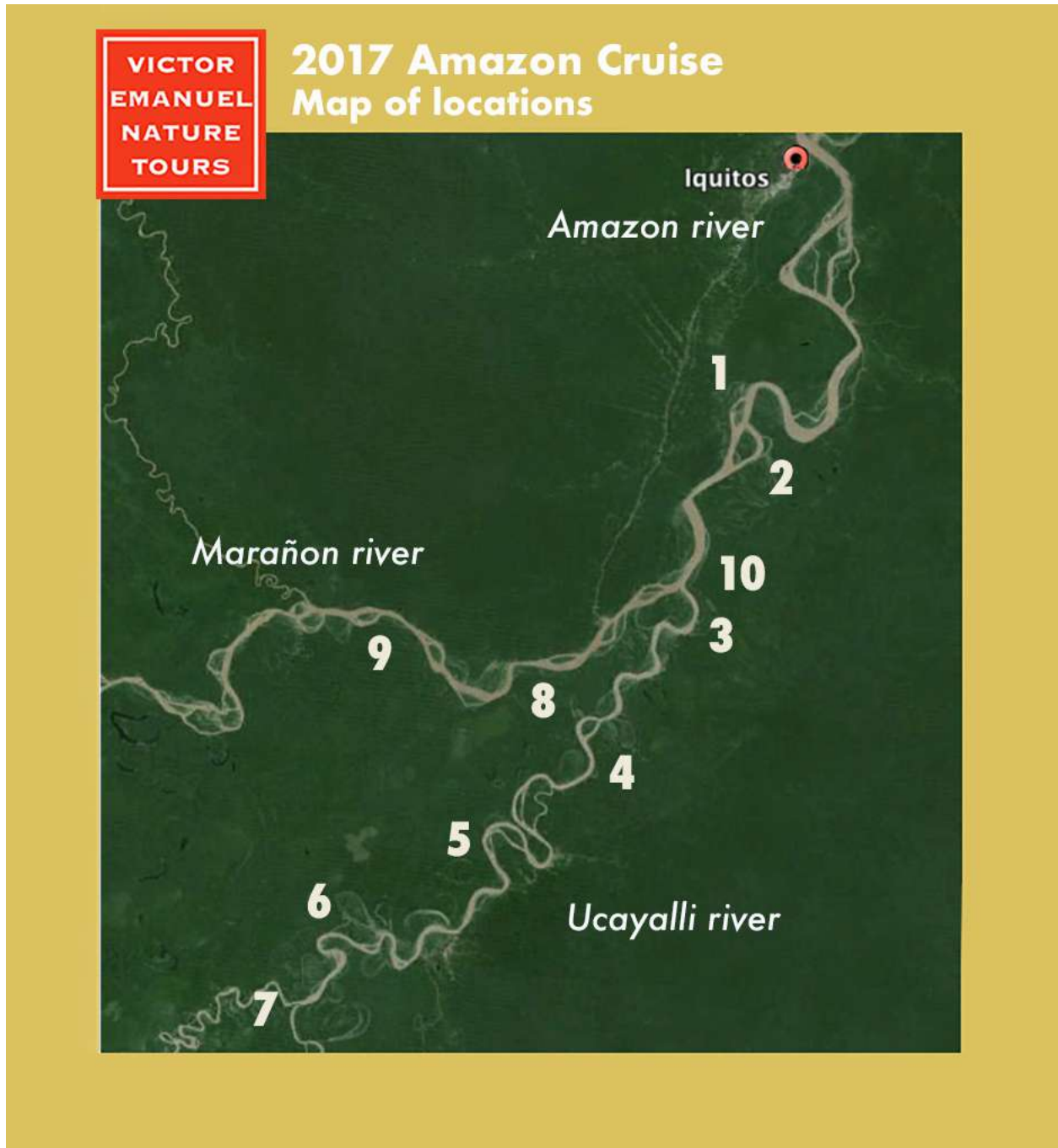
<https://www.flickr.com/photos/davidascanio/albums/72157659475059484>

Video link

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mzgD6NfVNSE>

*Thank you for joining us!*





***Locations:***

1: Lucero Pata. 2: Yanayacu de Yacapana. 3: Yarapa. 4: Bagazan. 5: Yanallpa (pronounced Yanash-pa). 6: Yuracocha. 7: Zapote. 8: Pawachiro. 9: La Suite del Marañón – Terra Firme forest. 10: Yarapa abajo.

**Itinerary:**

- 16 Feb. 2016. Arrival to Peru.
- 17 Feb. 2016. Lima area: Pantanos de Villa, Pucusana.
- 18 Feb. 2016. Flight to Iquitos. Birding the Amazon from the ship's upper deck. Amazon river.
- 19 Feb. 2016. Lucero Pata, Yanayacu de Yacapana.
- 20 Feb. 2016. Yarapa river, Bagazán.
- 21 Feb. 2016. Yanallpa, Yuracocha.
- 22 Feb. 2016. Zapote, Yanallpa (night outing).
- 23 Feb. 2016. Yarapa, Pawachiro.
- 24 Feb. 2016. La Posada del Marañón, Yarapa abajo.
- 25 Feb. 2016. Itaia river islands (Iquitos). Flight to Lima.
- 26 Feb. 2016. Departure.

**Habitats:**

- RF. Riverine forest. Includes all kind of forest at sides of rivers, either in black water rivers (igapó) or white-water rivers (varzea) as well as natural channels and oxbow lakes.
- MH. Marsh.
- SW. Swamp.
- TF. Terra firme forest.
- FM. Farmland.
- RV. River, river edge and floodplains.
- RI. Sedimentary river island.
- SG. Secondary growth.

## THE BIRDLIST

### Tinamous, Tinamidae

- White-throated Tinamou**, *Tinamus guttatus*. Heard only. TF.
- Cinereous Tinamou**, *Crypturellus cinereus*. Heard only. TF.
- Undulated Tinamou**, *Crypturellus undulatus*. Heard only. RF.

### Screamers, Anhimidae

- Horned Screamer**, *Anhima cornuta*. MH.

### Ducks & Geese, Anatidae

- Muscovy Duck, *Cairina moschata*. RF, MH.

### Guans and Chachalacas, Cracidae

- Speckled Chachalaca, *Ortalis guttata*. RF.

### Cormorants, Phalacrocoracidae

- Neotropic Cormorant, *Phalacrocorax brasilianus*. MH, RV.

### Anhinga, Anhingidae

- Anhinga, *Anhinga anhinga*. RV.

### Hérons & Egrets, Ardeidae

Least Bittern, *Ixobrychus exilis*. MH.  
Cocoi Heron, *Ardea cocoi*. RV.  
Great Egret, *Ardea alba*. RV.  
Snowy Egret, *Egretta thula*. RV, MH.  
Cattle Egret, *Bulbulcus ibis*. RV, FM.  
Striated Heron, *Butorides striatus*. RF, MH, RV, RI.  
**Capped Heron, *Pilherodius pileatus***. RF, MH.  
Black-crowned Night-Heron, *Nycticorax nycticorax*. RF.  
Boat-billed Heron. *Cochlearius cochlearius*. RF.

#### **Ibises & Spoonbills, *Threskiornithidae***

Green Ibis, *Mesembrinibis cayennensis*. RF.

#### **New World Vultures, *Cathartidae***

Black Vulture, *Coragyps atratus*.  
Turkey Vulture, *Cathartes aura*. We saw the resident race *ruficollis*.  
Lesser Yellow-headed Vulture, *Cathartes burrovianus*. MH.  
Greater Yellow-headed Vulture. *Cathartes melambrotus*. TF.

#### **Osprey, *Pandionidae***

Osprey, *Pandion haliaetus*. Boreal migrant. RF, SW, MH.

#### **Hawk & Eagles, *Accipitridae***

Swallow-tailed Kite, *Elanoides forficatus*. FM.  
Black Hawk-Eagle. *Spizaetus tyrannus*. RF.  
Black-and-white Hawk-Eagle. *Spizaetus melanoleucus*. RF.  
Black-collared Hawk, *Busarellus nigricollis*. RF.  
Snail Kite, *Rostrhamus sociabilis*. MH.  
**Slender-billed Kite, *Rostrhamus sociabilis***. RF.  
Double-toothed Kite. *Harpagus bidentatus*. RF.  
Plumbeous Kite, *Ictinia plumbea*. RF.  
Tiny Hawk. *Accipiter superciliosus*. RF.  
Crane Hawk, *Geranospiza caerulescens*. MH, RF.  
Slate-colored Hawk, *Leucopternis schistaceus*. RF.  
Great Black Hawk, *Buteogallus urubitinga*. RF, SW, MH, FM.  
Roadside Hawk, *Buteo magnirostris*. Widespread in all kind of open habitats.  
Short-tailed Hawk. *Buteo brachyurus*. FM.  
Zone-tailed Hawk. *Buteo albonotatus*. RF.

#### **Rails and Gallinules, *Rallidae***

Gray-cowled Wood-Rail. *Aramides cajaneus*. Heard only.  
Purple Gallinule, *Porphyrio martinica*. MH.

#### **Finfoots & Sungrebe, *Heliornithidae***

**Sungrebe, *Heliornis fulica***. RF. We enjoyed superb views of an individual singing!

#### **Jacanas, *Jacanidae***

Wattled Jacana, *Jacana jacana*. MH, RV on floating vegetation.



### **Sandpipers & allies, Scolopacidae**

Spotted Sandpiper, *Actitis macularius*. RV on floating vegetation and logs. Also, along the riverbank.

### **Gulls & Terns, Laridae**

Yellow-billed Tern, *Sternula superciliaris*. RV. Frequently found in shallow water or rivers without much current.

Large-billed Tern, *Phaetusa simplex*. RV.

Black Skimmer. *Rynchops niger*. Only one ind was seen near Iquitos. Basically, most individuals are this time of the year in the other side of the Andes, along the Pacific Ocean coast.

### **Pigeons & Doves, Columbidae**

Feral Pigeon (Rock Pigeon), *Columba livia*. Iquitos.

Pale-vented Pigeon, *Patagioenas cayennensis*. RF.

Ruddy Pigeon, *Columba subvinacea*. RF.

Ruddy Ground-Dove, *Columba talpacoti*. Near Iquitos.

White-tipped Dove, *Leptotila verreauxi*. RF.

### **Hoatzin, Opisthocomidae**

**Hoatzin, *Opisthocomus hoazin***. 2 individuals were observed nesting in Yuracocha. This is one of the most fascinating bird species in our planet. The Hoatzin has a long crop that function as a rumen to allow digest poisonous leaves. It was believed to be a relative with the *Tinamidae* and later with the *Cracidae*, *Rallidae*, *Otididae*, *Pteroclididae*, *Columbidae*, *Colidae*, *Cariamidae*, and *Cuculidae*. It is now believed to be a very old lineage with a long evolutionary history and no close living relatives. Its taxonomical position has been greatly debated and apparently, remains unclear.

### **Cuckoos, Cuculidae**

Greater Ani, *Crotophaga major*. RF, SW.

Smooth-billed Ani, *Crotophaga ani*. MH, FM.

Little Cuckoo, *Piaya minuta*. RF.

Squirrel Cuckoo. *Piaya cayana*. RF.

### **Owls, Strigidae**

Tawny-bellied Screech-Owl. *Megascops watsonii*. Heard only.

Ferruginous Pygmy-Owl, *Glaucidium brasilianum*. Heard frequently. Seen once.

Striped Owl. *Pseudoscops clamator*. Astonishing views of an individual in the river island near Iquitos.

### **Nightjars & Allies, Caprimulgidae**

The nighthawks and nightjars were observed either on the roost or during the night outing. The nighthawks were seen foraging over the tributaries of the Amazon and the nightjars were mostly seen perched at the forest edge.

**Sand-colored Nighthawk, *Chordeiles rupestris***. RF.

Ladder-tailed Nightjar, *Hydropsalis climacocerca*. RF, SW.

### **Potoos, Nyctibiidae**

Great Potoo, *Nyctibius grandis*. RF. Seen during the night outing.

### Swifts, *Apodidae*

Chimney Swift. *Chaetura pelagica*. Unconfirmed record of half dozen individuals in Yarapa. We concluded it might have been this sp given size, behavior and plumage tones.

Amazonian Swift. *Chaetura viridipennis*. Andy called this species in Zapote.

Short-tailed Swift, *Chaetura brachyura*. RF.

Gray-rumped Swift, *Chaetura cinereiventris*. Reported by Andy in Zapote.

**Lesser Swallow-tailed Swift. *Panyptila cayennensis*.** RF, flying high at dawn in Yanallpa.

Fork-tailed (Neotropical) Palm-Swift, *Tachornis (Reinarda) squamata*. RF, Moriche palm stands, FM with presence of palm trees.

### Hummingbirds, *Trochilidae*

White-necked Jacobin. *Florisuga mellivora*. RF.

White-bearded Hermit. *Phaethornis hispidus*. TF. Nesting!

Straight-billed Hermit. *Phaethornis bourcierii*. Heard only. RF.

Unknown Hermit. *Phaethornis sp.* RF. Andy photographed an individual apparently in the Little Hermit superspecies group. We're not certain to about which one occurs in the upper Peruvian Amazon since there's no "little hermit" reported there!

Black-throated Mango, *Anthracothorax nigricollis*. RF.

Fork-tailed Woodnymph. *Thalurania furcata*. RF.

**Olive-spotted Hummingbird, *Leucippus chlorocercus*.** RI.

Glittering-throated Emerald, *Amazilia fimbriata*. FM, edge of RF.

### Trogons, *Trogonidae*

Black-tailed Trogon, *Trogon melanurus*. RF. The commonest trogon in the Peruvian Amazon.

Green-backed Trogon (a split from White-tailed Trogon), *Trogon viridis*. RF.

Gartered Trogon, *Trogon caligatus*. RF.

Blue-crowned (Amazon) Trogon, *Trogon curucui*. RF.

### Kingfishers, *Alcedinidae*

Ringed Kingfisher, *Ceryle torquata*. RF, MH, SW.

Amazon Kingfisher, *Chloroceryle amazon*. RF, MH, SW.

Green Kingfisher. *Chloroceryle americana*. RF.

Green-ad-rufous Kingfisher. *Chloroceryle inda*. RF.

(American) Pygmy Kingfisher, *Chloroceryle aenea*. RF.

### Puffbirds, *Bucconidae*

Black-fronted Nunbird, *Monasa nigrifrons*. RF.

Swallow-winged Puffbird, *Chelidoptera tenebrosa*. TF contiguous to RF.

### Jacamars, *Galbulidae*

White-eared Jacamar, *Galbalcyrhynchus leucotis*. RF.

Yellow-billed Jacamar. *Galbula albirostris*. TF.

White-chinned Jacamar / Bluish-fronted Jacamar, *Galbula tombacea* / *Galbula cyanescens*.

Both species were apparently reported as we nailed it in both sides of the Ucayalli river. RF.

Great Jacamar. *Jacamerops aureus*. Heard only.

### **Barbets, *Capitonidae***

- Scarlet-crowned Barbet, *Capito aurovirens*. RF.  
Gilded Barbet. *Capito auratus*. TF.  
Lemon-throated Barbet, *Eubucco richardsoni*. RF.

### **Toucans, *Ramphastidae***

- Lettered Araçari, *Pteroglossus inscriptus*. RF.  
Chestnut-eared Araçari, *Pteroglossus castanotis*. RF.  
Many-banded Aracari. *Pteroglossus pluricinctus*. RF contiguous to TF.  
White-throated (Cuvier's) Toucan, *Ramphastos cuvieri*. RF.  
Channel-billed Toucan, *Ramphastos vitellinus*. RF.

### **Woodpeckers, *Picidae***

Lafresnaye's Piculet. *Picumnus lafresnayi*. RF. We noticed this ssp being paler than other populations.

**Plain-breasted Piculet, *Picumnus castelnaui*. RI.**

Yellow-tufted Woodpecker, *Melanerpes cruentatus*. RF, TF.

Little Woodpecker, *Veniliornis passerines*. RI.

Red-stained Woodpecker. *Veniliornis affinis*. RF contiguous to TF.

Yellow-throated Woodpecker. *Piculus flavigula*. Heard only.

Golden-green Woodpecker. *Piculus chrysochloros*. RF.

Spot-breasted Woodpecker, *Colaptes (Chrysoptilus) punctigula*. RF, TF.

Cream-colored Woodpecker, *Celeus flavus*. RF. The commonest of the *Celeus* woodpeckers in the Peruvian Amazon.

Chestnut Woodpecker, *Celeus elegans*. RF. A favorite for cruise participants!

Lineated Woodpecker, *Dryocopus lineatus*. RF.

Red-necked Woodpecker. *Campephilus rubricollis*. RF. Heard only.

Crimson-crested Woodpecker, *Campephilus melanoleucos*. RF, TF. This is a relative (same genus) of the enigmatic Ivory-billed Woodpecker.

### **Falcons and Caracaras, *Falconidae***

Black Caracara, *Daptrius ater*. MH, RI.

Red-throated Caracara, *Ibycter americanus*. RF.

Yellow-headed Caracara, *Milvago Chimachima*. MH, RI, FM.

Laughing Falcon, *Herpetotheres cachinnans*. RF.

Bat Falcon. *Falco rufigularis*. RF.

Peregrine Falcon. *Falco peregrinus*. RF (seen catching an Eastern Kingbird during the huge migrations).

### **Parrots & Parakeets, *Psittacidae***

The Amazon is home for several macaws, parrots, parakeets and parrotlets. That's why trappers used Iquitos as headquarters for the illegal parrot trade several decades ago. At one point (back in the 60's and 70's), Iquitos became the largest pet-trade provider for many European countries. Populations were decimated and several species were almost wiped-out of the Peruvian map. Fortunately, that has changed. Nowadays, wildlife is legally protected and the government pays attention to it. As a result, we were fortunate to observe 20 species of this wonderful family.

Tui Parakeet. *Brotogeris sactithomae*. RF, RI.

White-winged Parakeet, *Brotogeris versicolurus*. RF.

Cobalt-winged Parakeet, *Brotogeris cyanoptera*. RF, RI.

Orange-cheeked Parrot. *Pyrilia barrabandi*. Flying only. RF.

Blue-headed Parrot, *Pionus menstruus*. RF.

Short-tailed Parrot, *Graydidascalus brachyurus*. RF. This is the only parrot that was never decimated by the illegal traders back in time and it was probably due to its awful voice.

Festive Parrot, *Amazona festiva*. RF.

**Yellow-crowned Parrot, *Amazona ochrocephala***. RF.

Mealy Parrot, *Amazona farinosa*. RF.

Orange-winged Parrot, *Amazona amazonica*. RF. The commonest *Amazona* parrot in the Peruvian Amazon.

Blue-winged Parrotlet, *Forpus xanthopterygius*. RI.

**Black-headed Parrot, *Pionites melanocephalus***. RF. A favorite among cruise participants!

Maroon-tailed Parakeet. *Pyrrhura melanura*. RF.

Dusky-headed Parakeet, *Aratinga weddellii*. RF.

Red-bellied Macaw, *Orthopsittaca manilata*. RF, Moricha palm stands.

**Blue-and-yellow Macaw, *Ara ararauna***. RF.

**Scarlet Macaw, *Ara macao***. RF.

Red-and-green Macaw. *Ara chloroptera*. We owe a big thank you to Segundo for finding two pairs for us in Zapote. RF.

Chestnut-fronted Macaw, *Ara severus*. FM, Moriche palm stand.

White-eyed Parakeet, *Aratinga leucophthalma*. RF.

#### **Antbirds, *Thamnophilidae***

Great Antshrike, *Taraba major*. Heard only. TF.

**Black-crested Antshrike, *Sakesphorus canadensis***. RF.

Barred Antshrike, *Thamnophilus doliatus*. RF, SG.

Plain-winged Antshrike. *Thamnophilus schistaceus*. Heard only. TF contiguous to RF.

**Castelnau's Antshrike, *Thamnophilus cryptoleucus***. RI. Found in areas packed with Cecropia trees.

Amazonian Antshrike, *Thamnophilus amazonicus*. RF.

Pygmy Antwren, *Myrmotherula brachyuran*. RF.

Moustached Antwren. *Myrmotherula ignota*. RF.

Amazonian Streaked-Antwren, *Myrmotherula multistriata*. RF.

Peruvian Warbling-Antbird. *Hypocnemoides peruviana*. RF.

**Riparian Antbird. *Cercomacroides fuscicauda***. RF with secondary growth. Previously called Blackish Antbird (*C. nigrescens*).

Gray Antwren. *Myrmotherula menetriesii*. Heard only. TF contiguous to RF.

White-browed Antbird. *Myrmoborus leucophrys*. Heard only. RF.

Black-faced Antbird. *Myrmoborus myrmotherinus*. RF.

**Black-tailed Antbird. *Myrmoborus melanurus***. RF.

Band-tailed Antbird, *Hypocnemoides maculicauda*. RF.

**Black-and-white Antbird, *Myrmochanes hemileucus***. RI.

Blackish Antbird, *Cercomacra nigrescens*. RF.

Silvered Antbird. *Sclateria naevia*. RF.

Plumbeous Antbird, *Myrmeciza hyperythra*. RF.

**White-shouldered Antbird. *Akletos melanoceps***. RF.

Black-throated Antbird, *Myrmeciza atrothorax*. RF.

**Ovenbirds, Sipnetails and Woodcreepers, *Furnariidae***

**Short-billed Leaf-tosser, *Sclerurus ruficularis*.** TF. Superb views!

Olivaceous Woodcreeper, *Sittasomus griseicapillus amazonus*. TF contiguous to RF.

Plain-brown Woodcreeper, *Dendrocincla fuliginosa*. Heard only. RF contiguous to TF.

Wedge-billed Woodcreeper, *Glyphorhynchus spirurus*. TF. Heard only.

Cinnamon-throated Woodcreeper, *Dendrexetastes rufigula*. RF.

Long-billed Woodcreeper, *Nasica longirostris*. RF.

Amazonian Barred Woodcreeper, *Dendrocolaptes certhia*. TF.

Strong-billed Woodcreeper, *Xiphocolaptes promeropyrhynchus*. Heard only. RF.

Striped Woodcreeper, *Xiphorhynchus obsoletus*. RF.

Buff-throated Woodcreeper, *Xiphorhynchus guttatus*. RF.

Straight-billed Woodcreeper, *Dendroplex picus*. RF.

**Zimmer's Woodcreeper, *Xiphorhynchus kienerii*.** A target species in the Amazon. It was seen by all tour participants. RF.

**Point-tailed Palmcreeper, *Berlepschia rikeri*.** Moriche palm stand. Great views by all!

Pale-legged Hornero, *Furnarius leucopus*. RF. Heard only.

Pale-billed (Bay) Hornero, *Furnarius torridus*. Another hard-to-see species seen by all cruise participants. RF rich in *Heliconia* plants.

Lesser Horner, *Furnarius minor*. Iquitos waterfront.

Orange-fronted Plushcrown, *Metopothrix aurantiaca*. RI near Cecropia trees.

**Parker's (White-breasted) Spinetail, *Cranioleuca vulpecula*.** RI.

Speckled Spinetail, *Cranioleuca gutturata*. RF contiguous to TF.

**Yellow-chinned Spinetail, *Certhiaxis cinnamomea*.** Flooded grassland. A rare species in the Amazon. Seen by all cruise participants.

Red-and-white Spinetail, *Certhiaxis mustelina*. This is one of the commonest but nevertheless most beautiful spinetail in Amazonia. MH.

Dark-breasted Spinetail, *Synallaxis albigularis*. RI.

White-bellied Spinetail, *Synallaxis propinqua*. RI.

**Tyrant Flycatchers, *Tyrannidae***

White-lored Tyrannulet, *Ornithion inerme*. Heard only. RF.

Southern-beardless Tyrannulet, *Camptostoma obsoletum*. RF.

Yellow-crowned Tyrannulet, *Tyrannous elates*. RF, SG.

Forest Elaenia, *Myiopagis gaimardii*. RF. Heard only.

Yellow-crowned Elaenia, *Myiopagis flavivertex*. Heard only. RF.

Gray Elaenia, *Myiopagis caniceps*. Heard only. RF.

Yellow-crowned Elaenia, *Myiopagis flavivertex*. RF. Heard only.

**Brownish Elaenia, *Elaenia pelzeini*.** RI in Cecropia trees.

River Tyrannulet, *Serpophaga hypoleuca*. RI.

Sepia-capped Tyrannulet, *Leptopogon amaurocephalus*. RF.

Slender-footed Tyrannulet, *Zimmerius gracilipes*. RF, TF.

**Lesser Wagtail-Tyrant, *Stigmatura napensis*.** This distinctive habitat specialist was seen in pairs. RI.

**Short-tailed Pygmy-Tyrant, *Myiornis ecaudatus*.** RF. This is the smallest Passerine in the world.

**Johannes's Tody-Tyrant, *Hemitriccus johannis*.** Heard only. Highlighted by Andy in macaw nesting site.

Spotted Tody-Tyrant, *Todirostrum maculatum*. SW, SG.  
**Helmeted Pygmy-Tyrant**, *Lophotriccus galeatus*. SW, TF.  
 Yellow-browed Tody-Flycatcher, *Todirostrum chrysocrotaphum*. TF.  
 Olivaceous Flatbill, *Rhynchocyclus olivaceus*. RF. Common voice at dawn in Yanallpa.  
**Orange-eyed Flycatcher**, *Tolmomyias traylori*. RF.  
 Yellow-margined Flycatcher, *Tolmomyias assimilis*. RF.  
 Gray-crowned Flycatcher, *Tolmomyias poliocephalus*. RF. Heard only.  
 Yellow-breasted Flycatcher, *Tolmomyias flaviventris*. RI.  
**Royal Flycatcher**, *Onychorhynchus coronatus*. RF. Heard only.  
**Black-tailed Flycatcher**, *Myiobius atricaudus*. RF.  
 Fuscous Flycatcher, *Cnemotriccus fuscatus*. RI.  
 Drab Water-Tyrant, *Ochthornis littoralis*. RI and river edge.  
 White-headed Marsh-Tyrant, *Arundinicola leucocephala*. RI, floating vegetation and MH.  
 Cinnamon Attila, *Attila cinnamomeus*. RF.  
 Dull-capped (White-eyed) Attila, *Attila bolivianus*. Heard only. RF.  
 Bright-rumped Attila, *Attila spadiceus*. RF.  
 Dusky-capped Flycatcher, *Myiarchus tuberculifer*. RF. Heard only.  
 Short-crested Flycatcher, *Myiarchus ferox*. RF, RI, FM.  
 Three-striped Flycatcher, *Conopias trivirgatus*. Oxbow lake contiguous to RF.  
 Lesser Kiskadee, *Pitangus (Philohydor) lector*. Edge of RF and floating vegetation contiguous to it. Often heard uttering its unique “squeeze-me” call of giving its duet with a soft and fast “kis-ka-dee!”  
 Great Kiskadee, *Pitangus sulphuratus*. Forest edge, SG, FM, MH, SW.  
 Boat-billed Flycatcher, *Megarynchus pitangua*. RF, RI near Cecropia trees.  
 Social Flycatcher, *Myiozetetes similis*. Edge of RF, RI, MH, SW.  
 Gray-capped Flycatcher, *Myiozetetes granadensis*. RF contiguous to TF.  
 Streaked Flycatcher, *Myiodynastes maculatus*. RF. Termite hatch.  
 Sulphur-bellied Flycatcher, *Myiodynastes luteiventris*. TF. Termite hatch.  
 Piratic Flycatcher, *Legatus leucophaeus*. FM, edge of RF, Moriche palm stand.  
 Sulphury Flycatcher, *Tyrannopsis sulphurea*. Moriche palm stand, RF.  
 Tropical Kingbird. Common in open areas.  
 Eastern Kingbird, *Tyrannus tyrannus*. A boreal migrant. In one evening we experienced a migration of about 50 to 80 thousand individuals. It was a magic moment. Frequently in RI and to less extend at edge of RF.  
 Fork-tailed Flycatcher, *Tyrannus savanna*. MH, RI. About 100+ individuals were observed flying along with the Eastern Kingbird migrating.

#### **Cotingas, Cotingidae**

Purple-throated Fruitcrow, *Querula purpurata*. RF.  
**Amazonian Umbrellabird**, *Cephalopterus ornatus*. RF and large patches of Cecropia trees along rivers.  
**Plum-throated Cotinga**, *Cotinga maynana*. RF.  
 Spangled Cotinga, *Cotinga cayana*. RF contiguous to TF.  
 Purple-throated Cotinga, *Porphyrolaema porphyrolaema*. RF contiguous to TF.  
 Bare-necked Fruitcrow, *Gymnoderus foetidus*. RF.

#### **Manakins, Pipridae**

Dwarf Tyrant-Manakin, *Tyranneutes stolzmanni*. Heard only. TF and RF contiguous to TF.

Blue-crowned Manakin. *Lepidothrix coronata*. TF.

Wire-tailed Manakin. *Pipra filicauda*. RF.

### **Tityras & allies, Tityridae**

Black-tailed Tityra, *Tityra cayana*. RF.

Black-crowned Tityra. *Tityra inquisitor*. RF.

Masked Tityra, *Tityra semifasciata*. RF.

Varzea (Greater) Schiffornis. *Schiffornis major*. RF, SW.

Cinereous Becard, *Pachyramphus rufus*. RF.

Chestnut-crowned Becard. *Pachyramphus castaneus*. RF contiguous to TF. Nesting.

White-winged Becard, *Pachyramphus polychopterus*. RF.

Black-capped Becard. *Pachyramphus marginatus*. RF.

Pink-throated Becard. *Pachyramphus minor*. RF.

### **Vireos & Greenlets, Vireonidae**

Gray-chested Greenlet, *Hylophilus semicinereus*. RF.

Lemon-chested Greenlet. *Hylophilus thoracicus*. RF.

Slaty-capped Shrike-Vireo. *Vireolanius leucotis*. RF.

Red-eyed (Chivi) Vireo, *Vireo olivaceus (solimoensis)*. RF. The individuals we saw are probably of a resident population and it has been suggested to call Chivi Vireo, *Vireo chivi*. See next species for clarification.

Yellow-green Vireo. *Vireo flavoviridis*. RF. There was confusion whether it was this species or the previous for the individual seen in the riverine forest of Yarapa. Andy called it Yellow-green Vireo and I called it Red-eyed Vireo. I based my identification given the lack of yellow on the sides and the thin black line bordering the crown. The Yellow-green Vireo is an Austral migrant and the Red-eyed Vireo is a resident population. Maybe, we saw both species!

### **Crowns & Jays, Corvidae**

Violaceous Jay, *Cyanocorax violaceus*. RF.

### **Swallows & Martins, Hirundinidae**

Southern Rough-winged Swallow, *Stelgidopteryx ruficollis*. RV at edge of forest.

Purple Martin. *Progne subis*. TF.

Gray-breasted Martin, *Progne chalybea*. FM, open areas.

Brown-chested Martin. *Progne tapera*. Open areas near FM and edge of open RF. Given plumage features, we assume that we saw both, the Austral migrant subspecies (*fusca*) and the resident subspecies (*tapera*). Austral migrant individuals will continue their flight northward to the Caribbean coast of South America.

White-winged Swallow, *Tachycineta albiventer*. RV.

Bank Swallow, *Riparia riparia*. RV, MH.

Barn Swallow, *Hirundo rustica*. Floating vegetation in RV. MH.

### **Wrens, Troglodytidae**

Thrush-like Wren, *Campylorhynchus turdinus*. RF.

Coraya Wren. *Pheugopedius coraya*. RF.

Buff-breasted Wren, *Thryothorus leucotis*. RF.

### **Gnatcatchers, Polioptilidae**

Tropical Gnatcatcher, *Polioptila plumbea*. RI.

### **Donacobius, Donacobiidae**

Black-capped Donacobius, *Donacobius atricapilla*. Edge of MH. Infrequently at edge of RF. Being exposed to a long and controversial taxonomic history, this species was first believed to be a relative of the thrushes and the mockingbirds, and named Mockingthrush. Later, it was moved with the wrens and renamed after its genus, *Donacobius*. Today, it is believed to be a distant relative of the old world warblers and placed in the Sylvioidea clade. Several pairs or family groups were enjoyed singing while moving the tail sideways.

### **Thrushes, Turdidae**

**Varzea's Thrush. *Turdus sanchezorum*.** The individuals we saw in La Posada del Maranon were what used to be considered Hauxwell's Thrush, *Turdus hauxwelli*. It is important to highlight that since the mid 30's there have been continuous controversy about the taxonomy of this species with the "apparently" sister species. To make this story short, only recently (2011) O'Neal and collaborators cleared the understanding of the Western Amazonian populations and in January 2012, the SACC (South America Classification Committee) passed the proposal to consider it a valid species. TF.

Black-billed Thrush, *Turdus ignobilis*. MH, FM, Iquitos area.

White-necked Thrush. *Turdus albicollis*. RF. Heard only.

### **New World Warblers, Parulidae**

Blackpoll Warbler. *Setophaga striata*. Iquitos area.

### **Tanagers and allies, Thraupidae**

Red-capped Cardinal, *Paroaria gularis*. MH, SW.

Hooded Tanager, *Nemosia pileata*. Edge of RF, RI.

Orange-headed Tanager, *Thlypopsis sordida*. RI.

Gray-headed Tanager, *Eucometis penicillata*. RF. An individual was observed with a conspicuous and bushy crest.

Yellow-crested Tanager. *Tachyphonus rufiventer*. RF contiguous to TF.

Silver-beaked Tanager, *Ramphocelus carbo*. RF.

Masked Crimson Tanager, *Ramphocelus nigrogularis*. RF, SW.

Blue-gray Tanager, *Thraupis episcopus*. All kind of open habitats.

Palm Tanager, *Thraupis palmarum*. Moriche palm stand.

Turquoise Tanager, *Tangara mexicana*. RF.

**Paradise Tanager, *Tangara chilensis*.** RF. One of the tour favorites!

Opal-rumped Tanager. *Tangara velia*. RF.

Green-and-gold Tanager, *Tangara schrankii*. RF.

Swallow Tanager. *Tersina viridis*. TF.

Black-faced Dacnis. *Dacnis lineata*. RF.

Yellow-bellied Dacnis, *Dacnis flaviventer*. RF.

Blue Dacnis, *Dacnis cayana*. RF.

Purple Honeycreeper. *Cyanerpes caeruleus*. RF.

Green Honeycreeper. *Chlorophanes spiza*. RF.

Pearly-breasted Conebill. *Conirostrum margaritae*. RI with Ceropia trees.

Lesson's Seedeater. *Sporophila bouvronides*. RF contiguous to SG. SG, RI.



Chestnut-bellied Seedeater, *Sporophila castaneiventris*. MH.  
Chestnut-bellied (Lesser) Seed-Finch, *Oryzoborus angolensis*. MH.  
Caqueta Seedeater, *Sporophila murallae*. MH.  
Bananaquit, *Coereba flaveola*. SW.  
Buff-throated Saltator, *Saltator maximus*. RF.  
Grayish Saltator, *Saltator coerulescens*. RI, MH, RF.

#### **New World Sparrows, *Emberizidae***

Yellow-browed Sparrow, *Ammodramus aurifrons*. RI, MH.

#### **Cardinals and allies, *Cardinalidae***

Blue-black Grosbeak, *Cyanocompsa cyanoides*. Heard only. RF.

#### **Troupials, Blackbirds and allies, *Icteridae***

Oriole Blackbird, *Gymnomystax mexicanus*. MH, SG, RI.  
**Velvet-fronted Grackle, *Lamprosar tanagrinus***. RF.  
Yellow-hooded Blackbird, *Chrysomus icterocephalus*. MH.  
Shiny Cowbird, *Molothrus bonariensis*. Open areas contiguous to RF, MH, FM.  
Solitary (Black) Cacique, *Cacicus solitarius*. SW contiguous to a *Heliconia* growth.  
Yellow-rumped Cacique, *Cacicus cela*. Common in open areas.  
Russet-backed Oropendola, *Psarocolius angustifrons*. Edge of RF, RI, SW.  
Crested Oropendola, *Psarocolius decumanus*. RF.

#### **Euphonias, *Fringillidae***

Purple-throated Euphonia, *Euphonia chlorotica*. RF.  
Thick-billed Euphonia, *Euphonia laniirostris*. RF.  
Golden-bellied Euphonia, *Euphonia chrysopasta*. RF.  
White-vented Euphonia, *Euphonia minuta*. RF.  
**Rufous-bellied Euphonia, *Euphonia rufiventris***. RF, SW.

## **OTHER SPECIES LIST**

#### **Sloths, *Bradypodidae***

Brown-throated Three-toed Sloth, *Bradypus variegatus*. RF.

#### **Marmosets & Tamarins, *Callitrichidae***

**Pygmy Marmoset, *Cebuella pygmaea***. RF.  
Saddleback Tamarin, *Saguinus fasciollis*. RF, SW. RI?  
Black-mantled Tamarin, *Saguinus nigricollis*. RF.

#### **New World Monkeys, *Cebidae***

**Dusky Titi-Monkey, *Callicebus moloch***. RF, TF.  
Common Squirrel Monkey, *Saimiri sciureus*. SW, RF.  
Brown Capuchin, *Cebus apella*. RF.  
Equatorial Saki Monkey, *Pithecia aequatorialis*. RF.  
**Monk Saki Monkey, *Pithecia monachus***. RF.  
Common Woolly Monkey, *Lagothrix lagothricha*. RF  
**Night Monkey (Owl Monkey), *Aotus sp.*** RF.

Red-howler Monkey. *Alouatta seniculus*. RF.

**Squirrels, *Sciuridae***

Northern Amazonian Red Squirrel. *Sciurus igniventris*. RF.

Bolivian Squirrel. *Sciurus ignitus*. RF.

**Spiny Rats & Tree Rats, *Echimyidae***

Amazon Bamboo Rat. *Microsciurus flaviventer*. RF.

Yellow-crowned Brush-Tailed Tree Rat, *Isothrix bistrata*. RF.

**Sheath-tailed Bats, *Emballonuridae***

Long-nosed Bat, *Rhynchonycteris naso*.

**Bulldogs Bats, *Noctillionidae***

Fishing Bat, *Noctilio leporinus*.

**Dolphins, *Iniidae* & *Delphinidae***

Pink River Dolphin, *Inia geoffrensis*.

Gray River Dolphin, *Sotalia fluviatilis*.

***Reptiles and Amphibians***

Iguana, *Iguana iguana*. RF, MH.

**(Guianan) Caiman Lizard, *Dracaena sp.*** RF.

**Amazonian Boa, *Corallus hortulanus*.** RF.

Olive Whip Snake. [Colubridae]. RF.

Rain Frog, *Rana sp.* TF.

Polka dot Tree Frog, *Hypsiboas punctatus*. MH.

Greater Hatched-faced Frog. *Sphaenorhynchus sp.* MH.

Crested Forest Toad. *Rhinella sp.* TF.

**Poison Red-backed Dart Frog. *Ranitomeya?* [Dendrobatidae].** TF.

***Fishes***

Armored Catfish, (Order Siluriformes)

Silver Dollar Fish, (Family Characidae)

***Invertebrates***

Arboreal Termite.

Orb weaver Spider.

Jumping Spider.

Social Spider.

Rainbow Grasshopper.

Pink-footed Tarantula.

Praying Mantis.

Aztec Ants.

Millipede.

Cicada.

Dragon Fly.

Blue Morpho Butterfly.

Golden Silk Spider.

Amazonian Orb Weaver.

Walking Stick.

## **Lima, Pantanos de Villa and Pucusana bay.**

LM. Lima area.  
PV. Pantanos de Villa.  
PC. Pucusana bay.

### **THE BIRDLIST**

#### **Ducks & Geese, *Anatidae***

Cinnamon Teal, *Anus cyanoptera*. PV.  
White-cheeked Pintail, *Anas bahamensis*. PV.  
Ruddy (Andean) Duck. *Oxyura jamaicensis ferruginea*. PV.

#### **Grebes, *Podicipedidae***

Pied-billed Grebe, *Podilymbus podiceps*. PV.  
Great Grebe, *Podiceps major*. PV. Superb views of a pair nesting and maiting!

#### **Penguins, *Spheniscidae***

Humboldt Penguin, *Spheniscus humboldti*, PV, PC. First seen swimming on the Ocean.  
Later, seen standing on a rock.

#### **Storm-Petrels, *Hydrobatidae***

Elliot's (White-vented) Storm-Petrel. *Oceanites gracilis*. PC. We saw an injured individual that might have been attacked by a gull. The good news is that Andy contacted a common friend whom gave this individual to a recovery center and in about 36 hours it was released during the night in a dark place in a beach.

#### **Boobies, *Sulidae***

Peruvian Booby, *Sula variegata*, PC.

#### **Cormorants, *Phalacrocoracidae***

Red-legged Cormorant, *Phalacrocorax gaimardi*. PC.  
Neotropic Cormorant, *Phalacrocorax olivaceus*, PV, PC.  
Guanay Cormorant, *Phalacrocorax bougainvillii*. PV, PC.

#### **Pelicans, *Pelecanidae***

Peruvian Pelican, *Pelecanus thagus*, Lima coast. PC.

#### **Hérons & Egrets, *Ardeidae***

Least Bittern. *Ixobrychus exilis*. PV. Superb views!  
Great Egret, *Egretta alba*. PV.  
Snowy Egret, *Egretta thula*. PV.  
Little Blue-Heron. *Egretta caerulea*. PV.  
Cattle Egret, *Bulbulcus ibis*. PV.  
Striated Heron. *Butorides striata*. PV.  
Black-crowned Night-Heron. *Nyctanassa nycticorax*. PV.

Yellow-crowned Night-Heron, *Nyctanassa violacea*. PV.

**Ibises, *Threskiornithidae***

Puna Ibis, *Plegadis ridgwayi*, PV. A high Andean species that migrates to the Pacific lowlands.

**New World Vultures, *Cathartidae***

Black Vulture, *Coragyps atratus*. Widespread.

Turkey Vulture, *Cathartes aura*. We observed a North Migrant individual – subspecies *ruficollis*-. PV.

**Rails & Coots, *Rallidae***

Plumbeous Rail, *Rallus sanguinolentus*. We enjoyed amazing views of three individuals, two adults and one juvenile, at the entrance of the visitor center. PV.

Common Gallinule (Moorhen), *Gallinula chloropus*. PV.

Slate-colored Coot, *Fulica ardesiaca* (includes all Andean forms). PV.

**Thick-knees, *Burhinidae***

Peruvian Thick-knee, *Burhinus superciliaris*. A pair was observed from the bus near PV. Also, another pair was seen nesting in bushy vegetation near the beach.

**Stilts, *Recurvirostridae***

Black-necked Stilt, *Himantopus mexicanus*. PV.

**Oystercatchers, *Haematopodidae***

American Oystercatcher, *Haematopus palliatus*. PV beach. PC.

Blackish Oystercatcher, *Haematopus ater*. PC.

**Plovers and Lapwings, *Charadriidae***

Killdeer, *Charadrius vociferous*. PV beach. Resident subspecies.

**Sandpipers, *Scolopacidae***

Whimbrel, *Numenius phaeopus*. PC.

Ruddy Turnstone, *Arenaria interpres*. PV, PC. Some in breeding plumage.

Least Sandpiper, *Calidris minutilla*, PV.

Wilson's Phalarope, *Phalaropus tricolor*. Andy found a single individual in a wetland contiguous to the Panamerican highway in Pantanos de Villa. Scoped.

Greater Yellowlegs, *Tringa melanoleuca*. 50+ individuals. PV.

**Gulls & Terns, *Laridae***

Gray-hooded Gull, *Chroicocephalus (Larus) cirrocephalus*. 20+ PV.

Gray Gull, *Leucophaeus (Larus) modestus*. PV. Only one individual.

Franklin's Gull, *Leucophaeus (Larus) pipixcan*. Few hundreds. PV.

Band-tailed (Belcher's) Gull, *Larus belcheri*. 40+ PV.

Kelp Gull, *Larus dominicanus*. Only one, PV.

Inca Tern, *Larosterna inca*. 500+ PC. The most beautiful tern in the world!

Sandwich Tern, *Thalasseus sandvicencis*. 30+ PV, 50+ PC.  
Elegant Tern, *Thalasseus elegans*. 10+ PV. 30+ PC.  
Black Skimmer, *Rynchops niger*. We estimated some 4000-5000 ind. PV.

**Pigeons & Doves, Columbidae**

Feral (Rock) Pigeon, *Columba livia*. Widespread in Lima.  
Croaking Ground-Dove, *Columbina cruziana*. PV.  
West Peruvian (Pacific) Dove, *Zenaida meloda* (formerly *asiatica*). Widespread.  
Eared Dove, *Zenaida auriculata*. Widespread.

**Cuckoos, Cuculidae**

Groove-billed Ani, *Crotophaga sulcirostris*. PV.

**Owls, Strigidae**

Burrowing Owl, *Athene cunicularia*. PV.

**Hummingbirds, Trochilidae**

**Peruvian Sheartail.** *Thaumastura cora*. LU.  
Amazilia Hummingbird, *Amazilia amazilia*. LM, LU.

**Falcons & Caracaras, Falconidae**

American Kestrel, *Falco sparverius*. PV.

**Parrots & Parakeets, Psittacidae**

Red-masked Parakeet. *Psittacara erythrogenys*. LM.  
Scarlet-fronted Parakeet. *Psittacara wagleri*. LM.  
Pacific Parrotlet, *Forpus coelestis*. LM.

**Ovenbirds and woodcreepers, Furnariidae**

Wren-like Rushbird, *Phleocryptes melanops*. PV. Unfortunately, only seen by few participants.

Surf (Peruvian Seaside) Cinclodes, *Cinclodes taczanowskii*. PC.

**Tyrant Flycatchers, Tyrannidae**

Southern Beardless-Tyrannulet. *Camptostoma obsoletum*. LM.  
Many-colored Rush-Tyrant, *Tachuris rubrigastra*. Superb views of one individual! PV.  
Vermilion Flycatcher, *Pyrocephalus rubinus*. Dark morph. LM.  
Tropical Kingbird, *Tyrannus melancholicus*. LM.

**Swallows, Hirundinidae**

Blue-and-white Swallow, *Pygochelidon* (*Notiochelidon*) *cyanoleuca*. LU.  
Barn Swallow. *Hirundo rustica*.

**Wrens, Troglodytidae**

House Wren, *Troglodytes aedon*. LM.

**Mockingbirds, *Mimidae***

Long-tailed Mockingbird, *Mimus longicaudatus*. LM, LU.

**Tanagers, *Thraupidae***

Blue-gray Tanager, *Thraupis episcopus*. LM.

Cinereous Conebill, *Conirostrum cinereum*. LM.

Grassland Yellow-Finch, *Sicalis luteola*. LU.

Blue-black Grassquit, *Volatinia jacarina*. LU.

Chestnut-throated Seedeater, *Sporophila telasco*. LU.

Bananaquit, *Coereba flaveola*. LM, LU.

Streaked Saltator, *Saltator striatipectus*. LU.

**Blackbirds, *Icteridae***

Peruvian Meadowlark, *Sturnella bellicosa*. LU.

Scrub Blackbird, *Dives warszewiczi*. LM, PV, LU.

Yellow-hooded Blackbird, *Chrysomus icterocephalus*. PV.

Shiny Cowbird, *Molothrus bonariensis*. LU.

**Old World Sparrows, *Passeridae***

House Sparrow, *Passer domesticus*. LI.

**OTHER SPECIES**

South American Sea Lion, *Otaria flavescens*. PC.